Revised X22 – ECC

Identified and defined terms	X22	
	X22.1	(1) The Access Dates are the <i>access dates</i> unless otherwise changed in accordance with the contract.
		(2) Budget is the items and amounts stated in the Contract Data unless the amounts are later changed in accordance with the contract.
		(3) Project Cost is the total paid by the <i>Client</i> to the <i>Contractor</i> and Others for the items included in the Budget.
		(4) Stage One and Stage Two have the meanings given to them in the Scope.
		(5) Pricing Information is information which specifies how the <i>Contractor</i> prepares its assessment of the Prices for Stage Two, and is in the document which the Contract Data states it is in.
Forecasts	X22.2	(1) The <i>Contractor</i> provides detailed forecasts of the total Defined Cost of the work to be done in Stage One for acceptance by the <i>Project Manager</i> . Forecasts are prepared at the intervals stated in the Contract Data from the starting date until the issue of a notice to proceed to Stage Two.
		(2) Within one week of the <i>Contractor</i> submitting a forecast for acceptance, the <i>Project Manager</i> either accepts the forecast or notifies the <i>Contractor</i> of the reasons for not accepting it. A reason for not accepting the forecast is that
		it does not comply with the Scope orit includes work which is not necessary for Stage One.
		(3) The <i>Contractor</i> makes a revised submission taking account of the <i>Project Manager's</i> reasons.
		(4) The cost of any work that is not included in the accepted forecast is treated as a Disallowed Cost.
		(5) The <i>Contractor</i> prepares forecasts of the Project Cost in consultation with the <i>Project Manager</i> and submits them to the <i>Project Manager</i> . Forecasts are prepared at the intervals stated in the Contract Data from the <i>starting date</i> until Completion of the whole of the works. An explanation of the changes made since the previous forecast is submitted with each forecast.
Proposals for Stage Two	X22.3	(1) The <i>Contractor</i> prepares its proposals for Stage Two in consultation with the <i>Project Manager</i> and submits them to the <i>Project Manager</i> in accordance with the submission procedure stated in the Scope. The submission includes the <i>Contractor's</i> forecast of the effect of the proposals on the Project Cost and the Accepted Programme.
		(2) At the end of Stage One the <i>Contractor</i> submits to the <i>Project Manager</i> for acceptance
		 its proposals for Stage Two, a revised programme, any revisions to the Access Dates, Key Dates and the Completion Date and
		 the total of the Prices or any change to the total of the Prices
		in accordance with the submission procedure stated in the Scope.
		If the main Option is C, the total of the Prices is in the form of revisions to the Activity Schedule. A revised Activity Schedule includes the Price for Work Done to Date in Stage One.
		(3) If the submission is not accepted, the <i>Project Manager</i> gives reasons. A reason for not accepting a <i>Contractor's</i> submission is that
		 it does not comply with the Scope,

		 it will cause unnecessary delay to the Access Dates, Key Dates or the Completion Date, it will cause the <i>Client</i> to incur unnecessary costs to Others or the <i>Project Manager</i> is not satisfied that the total of the Prices or any changes to the total of the Prices have been properly assessed.
		(4) The <i>Contractor</i> makes a revised submission taking account of the <i>Project Manager's</i> reasons.
		(5) The total of the Prices for Stage Two is assessed by the <i>Contractor</i> using the Pricing Information stated in the Contract Data.
		(6) The <i>Contractor</i> obtains approvals and consents from Others as stated in the Scope.
		(7) Any additional Scope provided by the <i>Contractor</i> in Stage One becomes Scope provided by the <i>Contractor</i> for its design.
		(8) The <i>Contractor</i> completes any outstanding design during Stage Two.
Key persons	X22.4	The Contractor does not replace any key person during Stage One unless
		 the <i>Project Manager</i> instructs the <i>Contractor</i> to do so or the person is unable to continue to act in connection with the contract.
Notice to proceed to Stage Two	X22.5	(1) The <i>Project Manager</i> issues a notice to proceed to Stage Two when
		 the <i>Contractor</i> has obtained approvals and consents from Others as stated in the Scope, changes to the Budget have been agreed or assessed by the <i>Project Manager</i>, the <i>Project Manager</i> and the <i>Contractor</i> have agreed the total of the Prices for Stage Two, any changes to the Access Date, Key Dates and the Completion Date and the <i>Client</i> has confirmed the <i>works</i> are to proceed. (2) If a notice to proceed to Stage Two is issued, the <i>Project Manager</i> changes
		the Prices, the Access Dates, the Key Dates and the Completion Date accordingly and accepts the revised programme.
		(3) If a notice to proceed to Stage Two is not issued for any reason, the <i>Project Manager</i> issues an instruction that the work required in Stage Two is removed from the Scope. This instruction is not a compensation event.
		(4) If the <i>Project Manager</i> does not issue a notice to proceed to Stage Two because
		 the <i>Project Manager</i> and the <i>Contractor</i> have not agreed the total of the Prices or any changes to the Access Dates, Key Dates or the Completion Date, the <i>Contractor</i> has failed to achieve the performance requirements stated in the Scope
		the Client may appoint another contractor to complete the Stage Two works.
Changes to the Budget	X22.6	(1) If one of the following events happens, the <i>Project Manager</i> and the <i>Contractor</i> discuss different ways of dealing with changes to the Budget which are practicable.
		 The <i>Project Manager</i> gives an instruction changing the <i>Client's</i> requirements stated in the Scope. Additional events stated in the Contract Data.
		(2) The <i>Project Manager</i> and the <i>Contractor</i> agree changes to the Budget within four weeks of the event arising which changes the Budget. If the <i>Project Manager</i> and the <i>Contractor</i> cannot agree the changes to the Budget the

Project Manager assesses the change and notifies the *Contractor* of the assessment.

Incentive X22.7 (1) If the final Project Cost is less than the Budget, the *Contractor* is paid the budget incentive. The budget incentive is calculated by multiplying the difference between the Budget and the final Project Cost by the percentage stated in the Contract Data.

(2) The *Project Manager* makes a preliminary assessment of the budget incentive at Completion of the whole of the *works* and includes this in the amount due following Completion of the whole of the *works*.

(3) The *Project Manager* makes a final assessment of the budget incentive and includes this in the final amount due.